### Financial Results for First Quarter FY2022

For the Year ending March 31, 2023

August 12, 2022 Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Ltd.





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Figures recorded in the business forecasts are forecasts that reflect the judgment of the Company based on the information available at the time of release and include risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, the Company cautions investors not to make investment decisions solely on the basis of these forecasts. Actual business results may differ materially from these business forecasts due to various important factors resulting from changes in the external environment and internal environment. Important factors that may affect actual business results include, but are not limited to, economic conditions, the yen exchange rate against the U.S. dollar and other currencies, the tax system, and laws and regulations. Our company has adopted IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) since the first quarter of FY2022, and its financial information for the comparative fiscal year, FY2021, is also based on IFRS, but the financial information on the right is based on preliminary unaudited figures, and the figures are subject to change in the future.

- Unaudited figures

Q2 FY2021 (Corporate and Segment Information) Q3 FY2021 (Corporate and Segment Information) Full Year 2021 (Segment Information)

### -Summary-

Business profit was lower than in the same period last year, despite benefiting from depreciation of the yen



Profit before tax improved from business profit due to foreign exchange gains

(Billion Yen)

|  |          | FY21 Q1 | FY22 Q1 | Ch | nange     |
|--|----------|---------|---------|----|-----------|
| Orders Received                            |          | 304.2   | 412.0   | +  | 107.8     |
| Revenue                                    |          | 355.5   | 350.3   | -  | 5.2       |
| Business Profit <sup>**1</sup>             |          | 18.5    | 4.5     |    |           |
|  | [margin] | [5.2%]  | [1.3%]  |    |           |
| Profit Before Tax                          |          | 17.0    | 10.6    | -  | 6.4       |
|  | [margin] | [4.7%]  | [3.0%]  |    | [- 1.7pt] |
| Profit Attributable to<br>Owners of Parent |          | 11.4    | 5.4     | -  | 6.0       |
| OWNERS OF Farence                          | [margin] | [3.2%]  | [1.5%]  |    | [- 1.6pt] |
| Weighted-average exchange rates (USD/JPY   | )        | 110.71  | 124.76  | +  | 14.05     |
| US dollar-based transaction (B\$) **2      |          | 0.42    | 0.41    | -  | 0.01      |

[Appendix] FY21 Q1 Results under JGAAP (Billion Yen)

|  |          | FY21 Q1 |
|--|----------|---------|
| Orders Received                            |          | 304.2   |
| Net Sales                                  |          | 355.6   |
| Operating Profit **1                       |          | 15.1    |
|  | [margin] | [4.2%]  |
| Recurring Profit **1                       |          | 13.1    |
|  | [margin] | [3.7%]  |
| Profit Before Incom                        | e Taxes  | 14.6    |
|  | [margin] | [4.1%]  |
| Profit Attributable to<br>Owners of Parent |          | 9.8     |
|  | [margin] | [2.7%]  |

<sup>%1</sup> See p.42 for the major changes in the statement of comprehensive income associated with the adoption of IFRS.

<sup>※2</sup> Amount in foreign currency calculated by deducting dollar-denominated purchases from dollar-denominated revenue of Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Ltd., Kawasaki Railcar manufacturing Co., Ltd., and Kawasaki Motors, Ltd.(to include dollar-denominated revenue of loss provisions). The estimated impact on business profit due to a 1 yen fluctuation in the exchange rate. See page 42 for the breakdown of these figures by segment.

### 1

#### Consolidated Results for First Quarter FY2022

### -Segment-



Revenue and profit decreased in Aerospace Systems due to fewer deals for Boeing 1



Revenue and profit decreased in Precision Machinery & Robot due to the impact of lockdowns in China (2)

(Billion Yen)

|   | Orders Received |         |    | Revenue |         |             |            | Business Profit (Loss) |         |         |            |      |
|---|-----------------|---------|----|---------|---------|-------------|------------|------------------------|---------|---------|------------|------|
|   | FY21 Q1         | FY22 Q1 | Ch | ange    | FY21 Q1 | FY22 Q1     | Cł         | nange                  | FY21 Q1 | FY22 Q1 | Ch         | ange |
| Aerospace Systems                       | 37.4            | 60.4    | +  | 23.0    | 70.0    | 63.4        | _          | 6.6                    | - 4.2   | - 8.9   | <u> </u>   | 4.6  |
| Rolling Stock                           | 9.3             | 11.7    | +  | 2.3     | 28.7    | 26.4        | -          | 2.3                    | - 0.2   | - 0.1   | +          | 0.0  |
| Energy Solution &<br>Marine Engineering | 60.9            | 124.5   | +  | 63.6    | 70.3    | <b>63.5</b> | <u>2</u> _ | 6.8                    | 0.4     | - 0.0   | 7          | 0.4  |
| Precision Machinery & Robot             | 65.1            | 67.9    | +  | 2.8     | 57.6    | 52.6        | <u></u>    | 5.0                    | 4.6     | 1.4     | <u>-</u> - | 3.1  |
| Motorcycle & Engine                     | 113.5           | 126.0   | +  | 12.5    | 113.4   | 126.0       | +          | 12.5                   | 14.9    | 12.8    | -          | 2.0  |
| Others                                  | 17.8            | 21.3    | +  | 3.4     | 15.2    | 18.3        | +          | 3.0                    | 0.9     | 1.3     | +          | 0.3  |
| Eliminations and corporate*             | -               | -       |    | _       | _       | -           |            | -                      | 2.0     | - 2.0   | -          | 4.0  |
| Total                                   | 304.2           | 412.0   | +  | 107.8   | 355.5   | 350.3       | -          | 5.2                    | 18.5    | 4.5     | -          | 13.9 |

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Eliminations and corporate" includes some expenses incurred at Head Office which were not allocated to each industry segment for internal reporting.

### -Statement of comprehensive income-

(Billion Yen)

|   | FY21 Q1 | %     | FY22 Q1 | %     | Chai | nge  |
|---|---------|-------|---------|-------|------|------|
| Revenue   | 355.5   | 100.0 | 350.3   | 100.0 | -    | 5.2  |
| Cost of sales   | 291.2   | 81.9  | 292.9   | 83.6  | 1+   | 1.7  |
| Gross profit  | 64.3    | 18.1  | 57.3    | 16.4  | -    | 6.9  |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses                            | 47.0    | 13.2  | 53.5    | 15.3  | 2+   | 6.4  |
| Salaries and allowances   | 13.9    |       | 15.6    |       | +    | 1.6  |
| Research and development expenses                                       | 8.7     |       | 10.7    |       | +    | 2.0  |
| Others  | 24.4    |       | 27.1    |       | +    | 2.7  |
| Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using equity method | - 1.0   |       | 0.6     |       | 3 +  | 1.6  |
| Other income and other expenses   | 2.3     |       | 0.1     |       | _    | 2.1  |
| Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment                           | 1.6     |       | 0.4     |       | -    | 1.2  |
| Others  | 0.6     |       | - 0.2   |       | -    | 0.9  |
| Business Profit (Loss)  | 18.5    | 5.2   | 4.5     | 1.3   | _    | 13.9 |

#### Details

- 1 Increase due to rise in raw material prices mainly in Motorcycle & Engine
- 2 Increase in expenses related to DX, hydrogen business and other new businesses
- 3 Improvement in business performance mainly at a joint venture in China (Ship & offshore structure)
- 4 Sale of land

(Note)Major changes in the statement of comprehensive income resulting from the adoption of IFRS are described on page 42.

### -Statement of comprehensive income-

(Billion Yen)

|  | FY21 Q1 | %   | FY22 Q1 | %   | Char | nge |
|--|---------|-----|---------|-----|------|-----|
| Finance income and Finance costs                 | - 1.4   |     | 6.0     |     | +    | 7.5 |
| Net Interest expense (incl. dividend income)     | - 0.5   |     | - 0.5   |     | +    | 0.0 |
| Gain and loss on foreign exchange                | - 0.7   |     | 7.0     |     | +    | 7.7 |
| Others   | - 0.2   |     | - 0.5   |     | -    | 0.2 |
| Profit before tax                                | 17.0    | 4.8 | 10.6    | 3.0 | -    | 6.4 |
| Income tax expense                               | 5.1     |     | 4.8     |     | -    | 0.3 |
| Profit attributable to Non-controlling interests | 0.4     |     | 0.3     |     | _    | 0.1 |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent          | 11.4    | 3.2 | 5.4     | 1.6 | -    | 6.0 |

Details

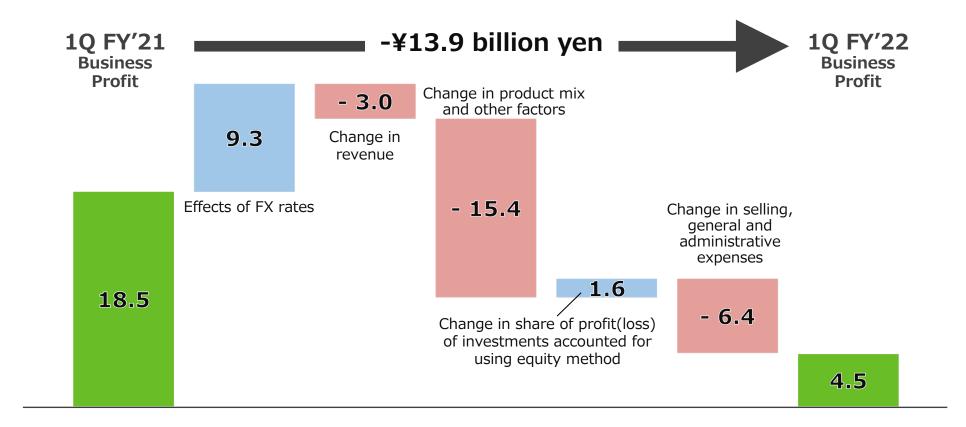
(5) USD/JPY rate 122.41 March 31,'22 136.69 June 30,'22

(Note)Major changes in the statement of comprehensive income resulting from the adoption of IFRS are described on page 42.

### -Details of change in business profit-

In Aerospace Systems, profit deteriorated due to changes in sales mix as revenue to Boeing were concentrated in Q4 FY2021

Rising raw material prices and logistics costs weighed on profits in Motorcycle and Engine



### -Details of change in business profit-

(Billion Yen)

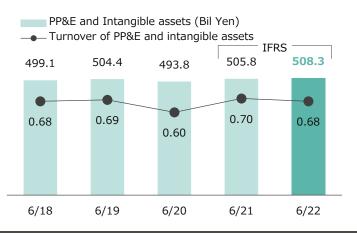
|   | FY21 Q1                      |                      | FY21 Q1 Details of change |  |   |                           |        |                              |  | FY22 Q1 |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|--------|------------------------------|--|---------|
|   | Business<br>Profit<br>(Loss) | Effects of FX rates* | Change<br>in revenue*     | Change in product mix and other factors* | Change in<br>share of profit (loss)<br>of investments<br>accounted for using<br>equity method | Change in SG & A expenses | Total  | Business<br>Profit<br>(Loss) |  |         |
| Aerospace Systems                       | - 4.2                        | 1.5                  | - 0.2                     | - 5.7                                    |   | - 0.2                     | - 4.6  | - 8.9                        |  |         |
| Rolling Stock                           | - 0.2                        | 0.2                  | - 0.2                     | 0.1                                      | 0.0   | - 0.0                     | 0.0    | - 0.1                        |  |         |
| Energy Solution &<br>Marine Engineering | 0.4                          | 0.1                  | - 1.1                     | - 1.2                                    | 1.7   | 0.1                       | - 0.4  | - 0.0                        |  |         |
| Precision Machinery & Robot             | 4.6                          | 1.5                  | - 1.3                     | - 2.1                                    | - 0.0   | - 1.2                     | - 3.1  | 1.4                          |  |         |
| Motorcycle & Engine                     | 14.9                         | 5.9                  | - 0.8                     | - 5.7                                    | 0.0   | - 1.4                     | - 2.0  | 12.8                         |  |         |
| Others                                  | 0.9                          | 0.1                  | 0.6                       | 3.2                                      | - 0.0   | - 3.6                     | 0.3    | 1.3                          |  |         |
| Eliminations and corporate              | 2.0                          |                      |                           | - 4.0                                    | 0.0   | 0.0                       | - 4.0  | - 2.0                        |  |         |
| Total                                   | 18.5                         | 9.3                  | - 3.0                     | - 15.4                                   | 1.6   | - 6.4                     | - 13.9 | 4.5                          |  |         |

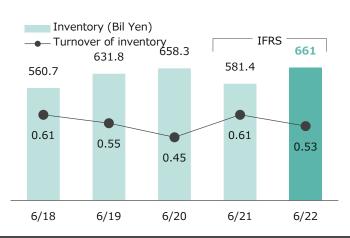
<sup>\*</sup> Effects of foreign exchange rates, change in revenue, and change in product mix are approximate values calculated by our company based on certain criteria. In addition, each factor of change is often indivisible, and in particular, it may be desirable to check the change in revenue and change in product mix.

### -Statement of financial position-

(Billion Yen)

|   |           |       |           |       | •    | ,    |
|---|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|------|------|
|   | End of    |       | End of    |       | Cha  | nao  |
|   | Mar. 2022 | %     | Jun. 2022 | %     | Cria | rige |
| Cash and cash equivalents                 | 108.5     |       | 78.4      |       | -    | 30.0 |
| Trade receivables (Incl. contract assets) | 482.9     |       | 456.1     |       | -    | 26.7 |
| Inventories                               | 615.4     |       | 661.0     |       | +    | 45.5 |
| Other current assets                      | 113.2     |       | 186.2     |       | +    | 73.0 |
| Current assets                            | 1,320.2   | 60.7  | 1,382.0   | 61.5  | +    | 61.8 |
| PP&E and intangible assets                | 506.3     |       | 508.3     |       | +    | 2.0  |
| Right-of-use assets                       | 58.5      |       | 60.1      |       | +    | 1.5  |
| Deferred tax assets                       | 102.2     |       | 101.9     |       | -    | 0.2  |
| Other non-current assets                  | 187.3     |       | 194.4     |       | +    | 7.1  |
| Non-current assets                        | 854.4     | 39.3  | 864.8     | 38.5  | +    | 10.4 |
| Total assets                              | 2,174.6   | 100.0 | 2,246.8   | 100.0 | +    | 72.2 |





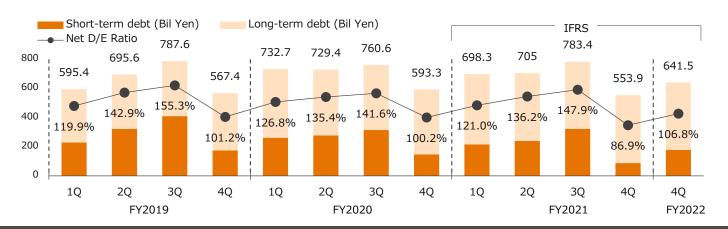
#### **Details**

- 1 Increase in Motorcycle and Engine, Rolling Stock, Precision Machinery & Robot
- Increase of advance payment in Aerospace and accounts receivable in Aero Engine and other factors

### -Statement of financial position-

(Billion Yen)

| End of End of Mar. 2022 % Jun. 2022 %                          | Cha  | inge  |
|--|------|-------|
|  | Cita | irige |
|  |      |       |
| Trade payables 344.2 <b>327.0</b>                              | 2_   | 17.1  |
| Interest-bearing debt 553.9 <b>641.5</b>                       | +    | 87.5  |
| Contract liability (Advances received) 256.1 <b>270.2</b>      | +    | 14.0  |
| Provision for losses on construction contracts 9.6 <b>6.8</b>  | -    | 2.7   |
| Retirement benefit liability 107.0 <b>107.5</b>                | +    | 0.5   |
| Other liabilities 378.7 <b>355.8</b>                           | -    | 22.8  |
| Total liabilities 1,649.7 75.9 <b>1,709.0</b> 76.              | 1 +  | 59.3  |
| Equity attributable to owners of parent 505.4 <b>519.8</b>     | +    | 14.3  |
| Non-controlling interests 19.4 <b>18.0</b>                     | -    | 1.3   |
| Total equity 524.8 24.1 <b>537.8</b> 23.                       | +    | 12.9  |
| Total liabilities and equity 2,174.6 100.0 <b>2,246.8</b> 100. | ) +  | 72.2  |



#### Details

Increase in borrowings as a normal business cycle in Q1

### Supplementary information

\*Cash Conversion Cycle

|                |    | ( / / |
|----------------|----|-------|
| End of Q1 FY'  | 18 | 126   |
| End of Q1 FY': | 19 | 139   |
| End of Q1 FY'2 | 20 | 151   |
| End of Q1 FY'2 | 21 | 141   |
| End of Q1 FY'2 | 22 | 146   |

#### Note

The figures for the end of 2Q & 3Q FY 2021 in this graph are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change in the future because they are based on our company estimates that have not been audited.

(day)

#### -Cash Flows-

(Billion Yen)

|  |         |         | ,      |
|--|---------|---------|--------|
|  | FY21 Q1 | FY22 Q1 | Change |
| Profit before tax  | 17.0    | 10.6    | - 6.4  |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 18.6    | 19.0    | + 0.3  |
| Increase and decrease in working capital   | - 38.1  | - 26.3  | + 11.7 |
| Trade receivables $^{\otimes 1}$ (minus notation indicates incr.)                                      | 23.3    | 43.2    | + 19.9 |
| Inventory (minus notation indicates incr.)   | - 16.1  | - 27.7  | - 11.6 |
| Trade payables (minus notation indicates decr.)  | - 40.3  | - 22.1  | + 18.2 |
| Advance payment (minus notation indicates incr.)   | - 5.4   | - 28.3  | - 22.9 |
| Contract liabilities $^{\times 2}$ (minus notation indicates decr.)                                    | 0.4     | 8.6     | + 8.1  |
| Other  | - 27.1  | - 65.2  | - 38.0 |
| Cash flows from operating activities   | - 29.5  | - 61.9  | - 32.4 |
| Purchase of PP&E and intangible assets   | - 15.5  | - 16.0  | - 0.5  |
| Proceeds from sales of PP&E and intangible assets  | 2.4     | 1.2     | - 1.1  |
| Other  | - 0.4   | - 9.1   | - 8.7  |
| Cash flows from investing activities   | - 13.5  | - 24.0  | - 10.4 |
| Free cash flows  | - 43.1  | - 86.0  | - 42.8 |
| Net increase and decrease in debt and bonds (minus notation indicates decr.)                           | 50.4    | 80.2    | + 29.7 |
| Dividends paid (Except payment to non-controlling interests)   | - 0.0   | - 3.0   | - 3.0  |
| Proceeds from fluidity of lease receivables and Repayment of payables under fluidity lease receivables | - 6.9   | - 7.4   | - 0.5  |
| Other  | - 5.8   | - 6.8   | - 1.0  |
| Cash flows from financing activities   | 37.7    | 62.7    | + 25.0 |

#### X1,2 Trade receivables include contract assets. The old account name of contract liabilities is advances received

#### Details

1 Q1 FY2021 Progress in receivable collection in Plant Engineering and Motorcycle & Engine, in addition to the business recovery from COVID-19

> Q1 FY2022 Cash outflow due to increases in advance payments mainly in

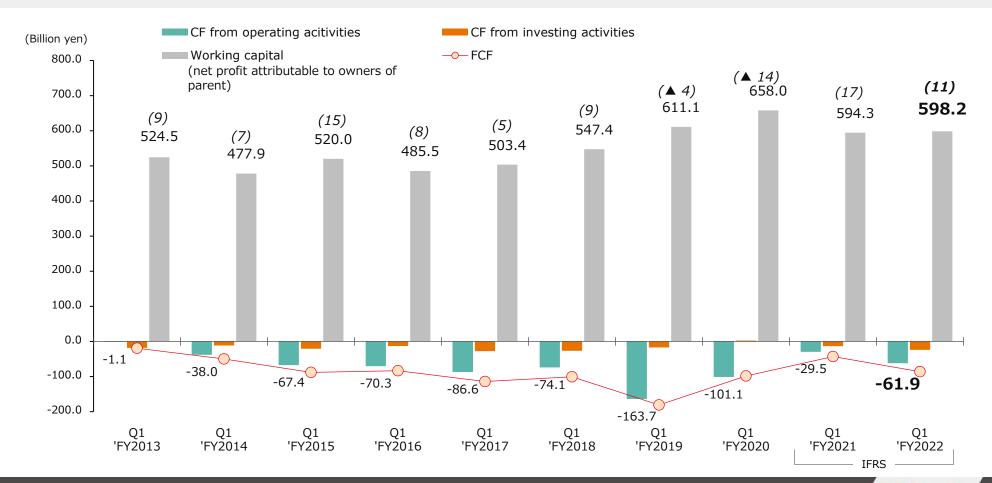
Aerospace, despite the progress in receivable collection in Plant Engineering and Motorcycle & Engine.

- Capital increase to equitymethod affiliates (about 5 billion yen)
- 3 Q1 FY2021 Low level as an increase in Q1

Q1 FY2022 Increase in debt and bonds as a normal business cycle in Q1

### -Cash Flows-

- Working capital has declined since FY2021, and it remains unchanged from the same period last year
- Operating CF is lower than in the same period of the previous year, but close to the level before 1Q FY2018



# Porecasts for FY2022 -Summary-

Business profit forecast was revised up due to the change of FX assumption despite the impact of various cost increases

The orders-based business will be profitable in the second half of the year, although the progress rate in 1Q against the business profit plan was low

(Billion Yen)

|  | FY2021  |          | FY2022 Forecast and Progress |     |           |   |             |           |           |  |
|--|---------|----------|------------------------------|-----|-----------|---|-------------|-----------|-----------|--|
|  | Actual  | Old FCST | New FCST                     | Chg | vs. FY21  | Chg. \                                  | s. Old FCST | Q1 Actual | Q2-4 FCST |  |
| Orders Received                            | 1,602.1 | 1,570.0  | 1,600.0                      | -   | 2.1       | +                                       | 30.0        | 412.0     | 1,188.0   |  |
| Revenue                                    | 1,500.8 | 1,680.0  | 1,690.0                      | +   | 189.2     | +                                       | 10.0        | 350.3     | 1,339.7   |  |
| Business Profit                            | 30.3    | 53.0     | 56.0                         | +   | 25.7      | +                                       | 3.0         | 4.5       | 51.5      |  |
| [Margin]                                   | [2.0%]  | [3.1%]   | [3.3%]                       |     | [+ 1.2pt] | *************************************** | [+ 0.1pt]   | [1.3%]    | [3.8%]    |  |
| Profit Before Tax                          | 27.6    | -        | 52.0                         | +   | 24.4      |   | -           | 10.6      | 41.4      |  |
| [Margin]                                   | [1.8%]  | [-]      | [3.0%]                       |     | [+ 1.2pt] | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | [-]         | [3.0%]    | [3.0%]    |  |
| Profit Attributable to<br>Owners of Parent | 12.6    | 29.0     | 32.0                         | +   | 19.4      | +                                       | 3.0         | 5.4       | 26.6      |  |
| [Margin]                                   | [0.8%]  | [1.7%]   | [1.9%]                       |     | [+ 1.0pt] |   | [+ 0.1pt]   | [1.5%]    | [1.9%]    |  |
| Before-tax ROIC                            | 3.0%    | 3.5%     | 5.3%                         | +   | 2.3pt     | +                                       | 1.8pt       | -         | -         |  |
| Weighted-average exchange rates (USD/JPY)  | 111.90  | 120.00   | -                            |     | -         | 900000000000000000000000000000000000000 | -           | 124.76    | 125.00    |  |
| US dollar-based transaction (B\$)          | 1.76    | 2.01     | 2.10                         | +   | 0.34      | +                                       | 0.09        | 0.41      | 1.69      |  |

<sup>\*\*</sup>Amount in foreign currency calculated by deducting dollar-denominated purchases from dollar-denominated revenue of Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Ltd., Kawasaki Railcar manufacturing Co., Ltd., and Kawasaki Motors, Ltd. (to include dollar-denominated of loss provisions). The estimated impact on operating profit/business profit due to a 1 yen fluctuation in the exchange rate. See page 42 for the breakdown of these figures by segment.

# Porecasts for FY2022 -Segment-

Aerospace Systems will improve for the second half of the year and raised its outlook partly due to the depreciation of the yen 1

Precision machinery and robots cut forecast due to the slowdown in Chinese construction equipment market 2

(Billion Yen)

|  | Orders Received |          |                 |        |         | Revenue         |          |        |        | Business Profit (Loss) |          |     |     |  |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------|--------|---------|-----------------|----------|--------|--------|------------------------|----------|-----|-----|--|
|  | FY2021          | FY       | FY2022 Forecast |        |         | FY2022 Forecast |          |        | FY2021 | FY2022 Forecast        |          |     |     |  |
|  | Actual<br>*1    | Old FCST | New FCST        | Change | Actual  | Old FCST        | New FCST | Change | Actual | Old FCST               | New FCST | Cha | nge |  |
| Aerospace Systems                        | 383.3           | 280.0    | 280.0           | -      | 298.2   | 350.0           | 350.0    | -      | - 10.3 | 2.5                    | 6.0      | +   | 3.5 |  |
| Rolling Stock                            | 71.5            | 80.0     | 80.0            | -      | 126.6   | 140.0           | 140.0    | -      | 2.2    | 3.0                    | 3.0      |     | -   |  |
| Energy Solution &<br>Marine Engineering  | 343.5           | 340.0    | 360.0           | + 20.0 | 297.3   | 330.0           | 330.0    | 2      | - 10.8 | 2.5                    | 2.5      |     | -   |  |
| Precision Machinery & Robot              | 271.8           | 280.0    | 270.0           | - 10.0 | 252.6   | 270.0           | 260.0    | - 10.0 | 13.9   | 17.0                   | 14.5     | -   | 2.5 |  |
| Motorcycle & Engine                      | 447.9           | 500.0    | 520.0           | + 20.0 | 447.9   | 500.0           | 520.0    | + 20.0 | 37.5   | 43.0                   | 45.0     | +   | 2.0 |  |
| Ohters                                   | 84.0            | 90.0     | 90.0            | -      | 78.0    | 90.0            | 90.0     | -      | 3.1    | 4.0                    | 4.0      |     | -   |  |
| Eliminations and corporate <sup>*2</sup> | -               | -        | -               | -      | -       | -               | -        | -      | - 5.2  | - 19.0                 | - 19.0   |     | -   |  |
| Total                                    | 1,602.1         | 1,570.0  | 1,600.0         | + 30.0 | 1,500.8 | 1,680.0         | 1,690.0  | + 10.0 | 30.3   | 53.0                   | 56.0     | +   | 3.0 |  |

<sup>\*\*1</sup> Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

<sup>\*2 &</sup>quot;Eliminations and corporate" includes some expenses incurred at Head Office which were not allocated to each industry segment for internal reporting.

#### Details by Segment

### -Aerospace systems-

#### FY2022.Q1 (vs. FY2021.Q1)

Orders received +¥23.0 bil. Increased due to an increase for MOD and in component parts for commercial aircraft jet engines

#### FY2022 forecast (vs. Forecast in May)

Orders received ±¥0 bil.

Expected to remain at the same level due to an increased orders from MOD and changes in FX assumptions, despite a decrease from Boeing.

Revenue



-¥6.6 bil.

Decreased due to a decrease for MOD and Boeing, despite an improvement in commercial aircraft jet engines Revenue

±¥0 bil.

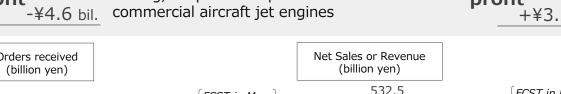
Expected to remain at the same level due to a decrease for MOD, despite the changes in FX assumptions

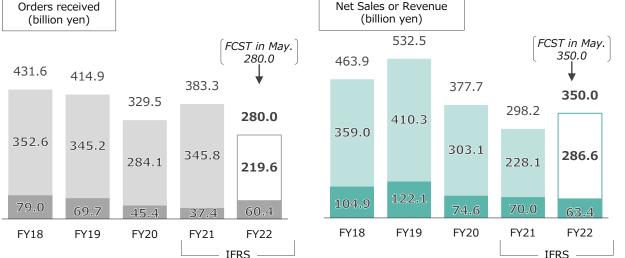
Business profit

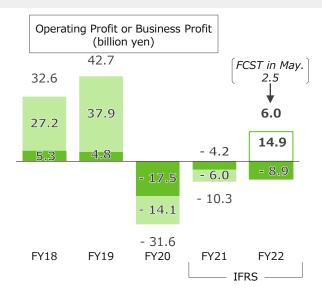


Decreased due to a decrease for MOD and Boeing, despite an improvement in commercial aircraft jet engines Business profit +¥3.5 bil.

Revised up due to the changes in FX assumptions







(Note) The graph shows the results in 1Q as dark colors and 2-4Q as light colors. Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

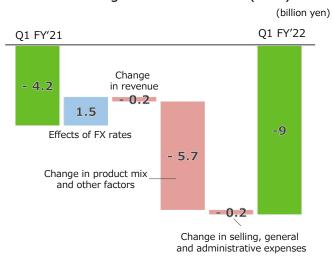
# Details by Segment -Aerospace systems-

(Billion Yen)

|                        | FY2021    | FY2022    |   |           | FY2021   | FY2022 Forecast |          |     |            |                   |           |  |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|---|-----------|----------|-----------------|----------|-----|------------|-------------------|-----------|--|
|                        | Q1 Actual | Q1 Actual | С | hange     | Actual   | Old FCST        | New FCST | Chg | . Vs. FY21 | Chg. Vs. Old FCST | Q2-4 FCST |  |
| Orders Received        | 37.4      | 60.4      | + | 23.0      | 383.3    | 280.0           | 280.0    | -   | 103.3      | _                 | 219.6     |  |
| Aerospace              | 27.5      | 45.9      | + | 18.4      | 329.5    | 205.0           | 205.0    | -   | 124.5      | -                 | 159.1     |  |
| Aero Engine            | 9.8       | 14.4      | + | 4.6       | 53.8     | 75.0            | 75.0     | +   | 21.2       | -                 | 60.6      |  |
| Revenue                | 70.0      | 63.4      | - | 6.6       | 298.2    | 350.0           | 350.0    | +   | 51.8       | _                 | 286.6     |  |
| Aerospace              | 56.4      | 45.5      | - | 10.9      | 232.0    | 255.0           | 255.0    | +   | 23.0       | -                 | 209.5     |  |
| Aero Engine            | 13.6      | 17.9      | + | 4.3       | 66.1     | 95.0            | 95.0     | +   | 28.9       | -                 | 77.1      |  |
| Business Profit (Loss) | - 4.2     | - 8.9     | _ | 4.6       | - 10.3   | 2.5             | 6.0      | +   | 16.3       | + 3.5             | 14.9      |  |
| [Margin]               | [- 6.0%]  | [- 14.0%] |   | [- 7.9pt] | [- 3.4%] | [0.7%]          | [1.7%]   |     | [+ 5.1pt]  | [+ 0.9pt]         | [5.1%]    |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

#### Details of change in Business Profit(Loss)



#### **Appendix**

Number of aircraft component parts sold to Boeing

|      | FY | ′21  | FY'22 | Chango      |  |  |
|------|----|------|-------|-------------|--|--|
|      | Q1 | Q1-4 | Q1    | Change      |  |  |
| 767  | 8  | 34   | 8     | -           |  |  |
| 777  | 6  | 21   | 7     | + 1         |  |  |
| 777X | 1  | 4    | 0     | <b>▲</b> 1  |  |  |
| 787  | 16 | 35   | 0     | <b>▲</b> 16 |  |  |

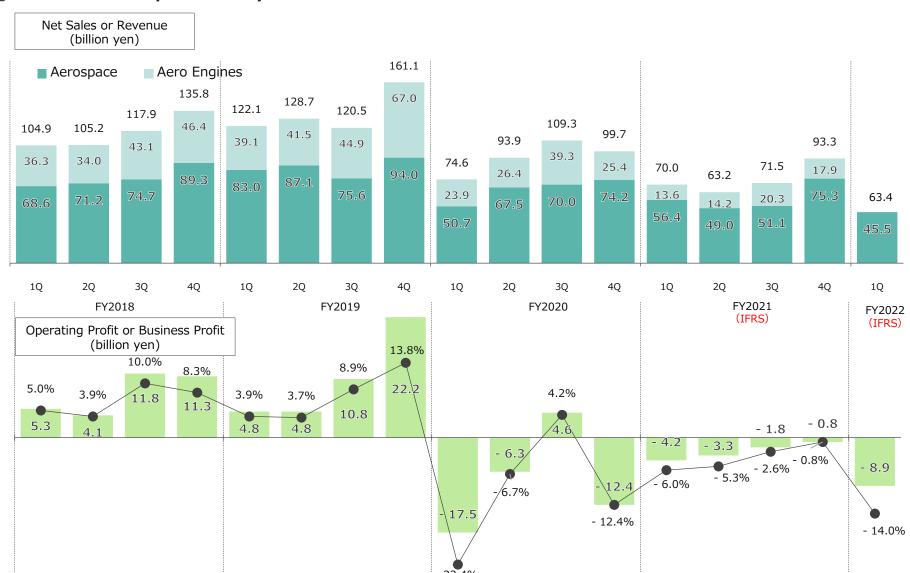
Number of jet engine component parts sold

|         | FY  | ′21  | FY'22 |        |
|---------|-----|------|-------|--------|
| _       | Q1  | Q1-4 | Q1    | Change |
| V2500   | 2   | 16   | 5     | + 3    |
| PW1100G | 107 | 437  | 129   | + 22   |

\*Number of jet engine component parts sold to Rolls-Royce is not disclosed

#### Details by Segment

### -Aerospace systems-



(Note) The figures for the end of 2-4Q FY 2021 in this graph are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change in the future because they are based on our company estimates that have not been audited.

### -Aerospace systems-

#### **Market Overview**

#### Commercial business

- Demand for aircrafts and aircraft jet engines is sluggish because global passenger demand remains weak due to the great impact of COVID-19
- Air passenger demand is recovering with an increase in the number of countries prioritizing the resumption of economic activities, including North America and Europe, but not in Asia
- Market outlook is still uncertain due to the situation in Ukraine
- It will take a considerable amount of time for the market to recover

#### MOD business

- There is a certain demand within tight defense budget
- Stable orders are expected over the medium to long term

#### **Specific Efforts**



#### Securing stable revenue in core business

- Cost reductions in existing orders of aircrafts for Boeing and commercial aircrafts jet engines
- Steady promotion of existing projects of development and mass production for MOD aircrafts and helicopters



H145//BK117 D-3 2 orders received from National Police Agency



#### Technology strategy in accordance with the change in market trends

- Rebuilding R&D in line with future vision
- Utilization of Green Innovation fund of government for development of carbon-free technology



- Review of fixed cost structure
- Reduction of inventories through production innovation activities

#### Details by Segment

### - Rolling Stock -

#### FY2022.Q1 (vs. FY2021.Q1)

**Orders** received +¥2.3 bil.

Increased due to major orders for domestic new commuter trains

Revenue

Decreased due to a decrease in the U.S.

-¥2.3 bil.

**Business** profit +¥0 bil.

Remained at the same level despite a decrease in revenue

#### FY2022 forecast (vs. Forecast in May)

**Orders** received



Expected to remain at the same level

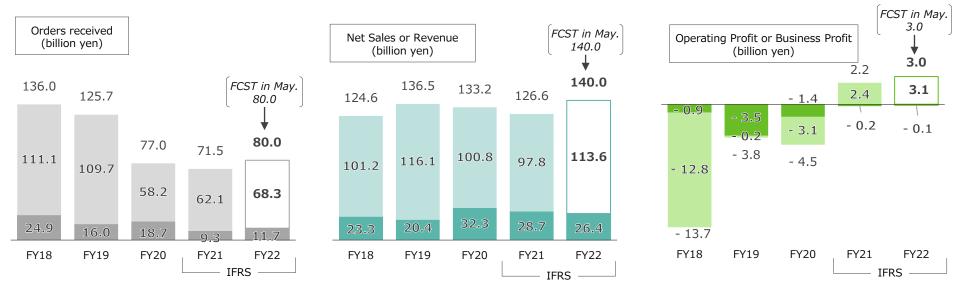
Revenue

Same as above

 $\pm 40$  bil.

**Business** profit ±¥0 bil.

Same as above



(Note) The graph shows the results in 10 as dark colors and 2-40 as light colors. Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

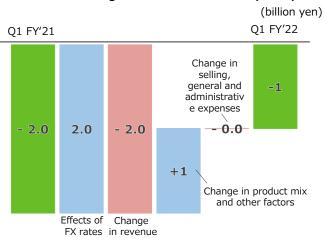
### - Rolling Stock -

(Billion Yen)

|                        | FY2021    | FY2022    |    |           | FY2021 | FY2022 Forecast |          |     |            |                   |           |  |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|----|-----------|--------|-----------------|----------|-----|------------|-------------------|-----------|--|
|                        | Q1 Actual | Q1 Actual | Cl | hange     | Actual | Old FCST        | New FCST | Chg | . Vs. FY21 | Chg. Vs. Old FCST | Q2-4 FCST |  |
| Orders Received        | 9.3       | 11.7      | +  | 2.3       | 71.5   | 80.0            | 80.0     | +   | 8.5        | _                 | 68.3      |  |
| Domestic & Asia        | 6.1       | 11.0      | +  | 4.8       | 65.1   | 74.5            | 74.5     | +   | 9.4        | -                 | 63.5      |  |
| North America          | 3.2       | 0.7       | -  | 2.5       | 6.4    | 5.5             | 5.5      | -   | 0.9        | -                 | 4.8       |  |
| Revenue                | 28.7      | 26.4      | _  | 2.3       | 126.6  | 140.0           | 140.0    | +   | 13.4       | _                 | 113.6     |  |
| Domestic & Asia        | 18.5      | 18.4      | -  | 0.1       | 92.2   | 95.5            | 95.5     | +   | 3.3        | -                 | 77.1      |  |
| North America          | 10.2      | 8.0       | -  | 2.2       | 34.4   | 44.5            | 44.5     | +   | 10.1       | -                 | 36.5      |  |
| Business Profit (Loss) | - 0.2     | - 0.1     | +  | 0.0       | 2.2    | 3.0             | 3.0      | +   | 0.8        | _                 | 3.1       |  |
| [Margin]               | [- 0.7%]  | [- 0.5%]  |    | [+ 0.1pt] | [1.7%] | [2.1%]          | [2.1%]   |     | [+ 0.3pt]  | [-]               | [2.7%]    |  |

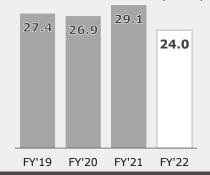
<sup>\*</sup>Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

#### Details of change in Business Profit(Loss)





Revenue in components, overhaul and after-sales service(billion yen)



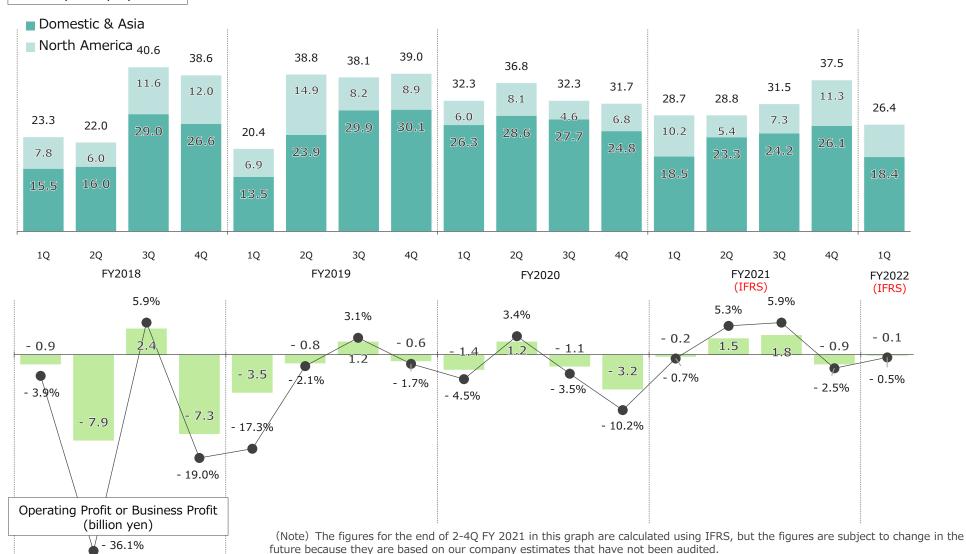
Progress of the M9 Project for Long Island Rail Road in the United States (End of June. 2022)

- 134 cars out of 202 were delivered
- KMM, the North American works, has started production of the last unit, and its delivery is scheduled for Q3 2022

#### Details by Segment

### - Rolling Stock -

Net Sales or Revenue (billion yen)



### - Rolling Stock -

#### **Market Overview**

- The impact of COVID-19
  - Some domestic railway operators are reviewing their railway related investment
  - Delays in overseas projects and postponement of bids are normalizing
- Supply chain Risk
  - The impact of shortage of electronic components, logistics disruption, and raw material price inflation is limited, but caution should be exercised
- Medium and long term forecast
  - Stable growth is expected in the railway business, based on the needs of railway infrastructure to deal with the congestion mitigation and environmental measures in emerging countries



Rolling stock for Dhaka Mass Transit Company Limited

#### **Specific Efforts**



#### Compliance with delivery schedules for overseas projects

| <u>Dhaka</u><br>MRT Line-6      | <ul> <li>The first and second trains are undergoing functional tests</li> <li>12 trains(72 cars) out of 24 trains (144cars) were shipped by FY'21</li> <li>The last car will be shipped in Q4 FY'22</li> </ul>    |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <u>Singapore</u><br><b>T251</b> | <ul> <li>75 trains(300 cars) out of 91trains(364cars) were delivered by FY'21</li> <li>The last car will be delivered in Q3 FY'22</li> </ul>  |
| <u>U.S.</u><br><b>R211</b>      | <ul> <li>2 proto-trains (10 cars) for R211A are undergoing spec tests at NYCT</li> <li>The mass production in KMM started in Q3 FY'21</li> <li>The first prototype train will be delivered in Q3 FY'22</li> </ul> |
| <u>U.S.</u><br><b>M-9</b>       | <ul> <li>All trains (92 cars) under the base contract were delivered by Q1 FY'21</li> <li>Option cars are being produced</li> <li>The last car will be delivered in Q3 FY'22</li> </ul>                           |



#### Achieving quality levels trusted by customers

- Reduction of spoilage and repair costs
- Further promotion of Kawasaki Production System, and installation to the U.S. works



#### **Expansion of components sales, after-sales** service, and maintenance business

- Promotion of remote track monitoring service for north American market
- Promotion of train condition monitoring equipment for domestic market

### 3

### - Energy Solution & Marine Engineering -

#### FY2022.Q1 (vs. FY2021.Q1)

# Orders received +¥63.6 bil.

Increased due to an increase mainly in orders for LPG carriers and major orders for construction and operation of domestic municipal waste incineration plants

### Revenue \( \)

-¥6.8 bil.

Decreased due to a decrease in construction work for domestic municipal waste incineration plants, despite an increase for LPG carriers

# Business → profit -¥0.4 bil.

Deteriorated due to a decrease in revenue and rising raw material prices, despite an improved equity in gains

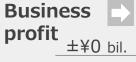
#### FY2022 forecast (vs. Forecast in May)



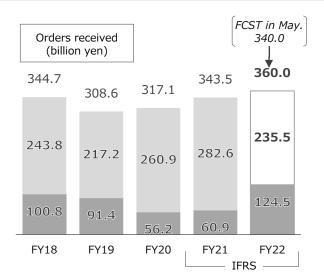
Expected to increase due to an increase in Plant Engineering for construction and operation of domestic municipal waste incineration plants

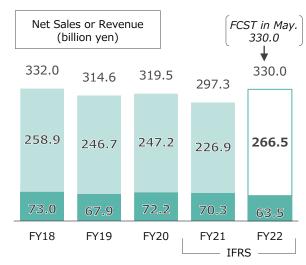


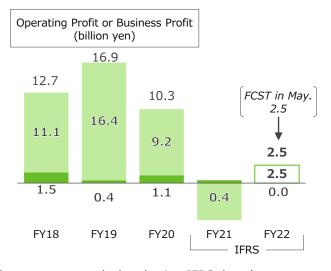
Expected to remain at the same level



Expected to remain at the same level due to the change in FX assumptions, despite the impact of rising raw material prices and other factors







(Note) The graph shows the results in 1Q as dark colors and 2-4Q as light colors. Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

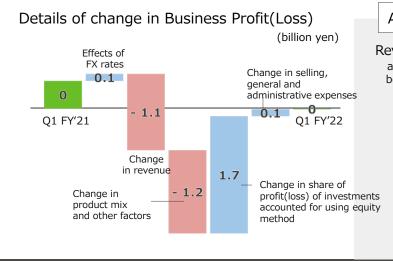
### - Energy Solution & Marine Engineering -

\* The prior results of previous segment have been reclassified to current segment

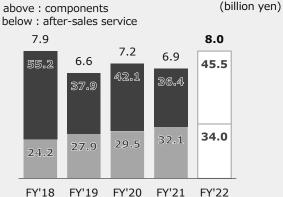
(Billion Yen)

| FY2021 FY2022   |           |           | FY2021 | FY2022 Forecast |          |          |          |     |            |   |             |           |
|---|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|-----|------------|---|-------------|-----------|
| (   | 21 Actual | Q1 Actual | С      | hange           | Actual   | Old FCST | New FCST | Chg | . Vs. FY21 | Chg. Vs                                 | s. Old FCST | Q2-4 FCST |
| Orders Received   | 60.9      | 124.5     | +      | 63.6            | 343.5    | 340.0    | 360.0    | +   | 16.5       | +                                       | 20.0        | 235.5     |
| Energy, Plant &<br>Marine Machinery                                 | 55.5      | 94.3      | +      | 38.8            | 272.7    | 250.0    | 270.0    | -   | 2.7        | +                                       | 20.0        | 175.7     |
| Ship & Offshore Structure   | 5.3       | 30.1      | +      | 24.8            | 70.8     | 90.0     | 90.0     | +   | 19.2       |   | -           | 59.9      |
| Revenue   | 70.3      | 63.5      | -      | 6.8             | 297.3    | 330.0    | 330.0    | +   | 32.7       |   | -           | 266.5     |
| Energy, Plant &<br>Marine Machinery                                 | 51.0      | 43.6      | -      | 7.3             | 232.3    | 250.0    | 250.0    | +   | 17.7       |   | -           | 206.4     |
| Ship & Offshore Structure   | 19.3      | 19.8      | +      | 0.5             | 64.9     | 80.0     | 80.0     | +   | 15.1       |   | -           | 60.2      |
| Business Profit (Loss)  | 0.4       | - 0.0     | _      | 0.4             | - 10.8   | 2.5      | 2.5      | +   | 13.3       |   | -           | 2.5       |
| [Margin]  | [0.6%]    | [- 0.0%]  |        | [- 0.6pt]       | [- 3.6%] | [0.7%]   | [0.7%]   |     | [+ 4.3pt]  |   | [-]         | [0.9%]    |
| Share of profit (loss) of investme accounted for using equity metho |           | 1.2       | +      | 1.7             | - 11.2   | 1.5      | 1.5      | +   | 12.7       | 900000000000000000000000000000000000000 | -           | 0.3       |

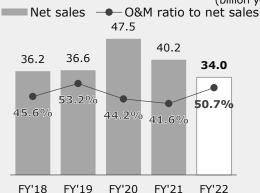
<sup>\*</sup>Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.





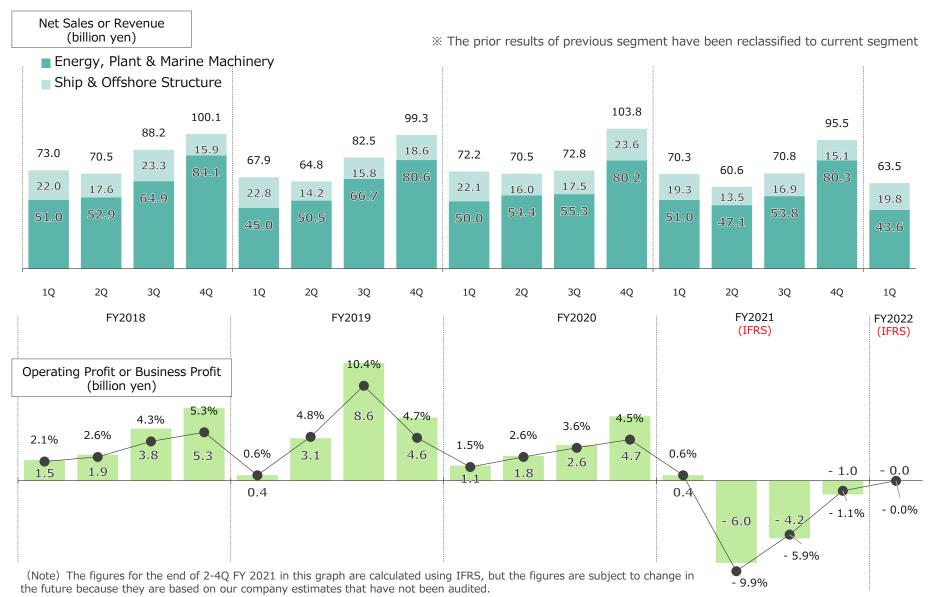


### Revenue of municipal waste incineration plants (billion yen)



#### Details by Segment

### - Energy Solution & Marine Engineering -



### - Energy Solution & Marine Engineering -

#### **Market Overview**

#### Energy system & Plant Engineering

| Domestic   | Emerging Markets   |
|--|--|
| Steady demand for distributed power plants and municipal waste incineration plants is expected to continue | Steady demand for distributed power plants and other energy infrastructure is expected to remain solid |

| Ship & Offshore Structures  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Commercial ships  | Submarines and others  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Solid demand for LPG/ammonia carriers is expected on the back of rising expectations for higher ammonia demand  | Stable orders for submarines are expected  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul><li>Entire segment</li></ul>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| COVID-19 and other risks  | Carbon neutrality  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Demand is recovering</li> <li>Prices of raw materials<br/>and logistics costs are<br/>rising due to the rapid<br/>normalization of the<br/>economy.</li> </ul> | Inquiries and requests for cooperation are increasing regarding decarbonization solutions, including hydrogen products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **Specific Efforts**



#### Providing of products and services for a low-carbon and decarbonized society

Delivered a high-capacity battery propulsion system for the world's first pure battery electric propulsion tanker, ASAHI in FY2022

- System powers consisting of large capacity lithium-ion batteries, azimuth thrusters, propulsion controllers, power management devices, etc. can be efficiently supplied to the main propulsion unit and other equipment
- Contributing to reducing environmental



World's first pure battery impact by significantly reducing CO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and tanker, ASAHI (Photo by Asahi Tanker Co., Ltd. & e5 lab)

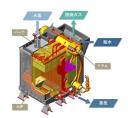
Highly maintainable and contributes to reducing the workload of seafarers

other emissions during operations



#### Establishing a leading position in the decarbonization field

- Technology development for the spread of hydrogen energy
  - Obtained approval in principle (AiP) from Nippon Kaiji Kyokai (ClassNK) for a large, 160,000m<sup>3</sup> liquefied hydrogen carrier
  - The World's first large ocean-going LH2 carrier, SUISO FRONTIER, won awards including the Ship of the Year Award 2021
  - Completed the world's first basic engineering works for a hydrogen marine main boiler



### - Precision Machinery & Robot -

#### FY2022.Q1 (vs. FY2021.Q1)

# Orders received +¥2.8 bil.

Increased due to an increase in various robots including robots for semiconductor manufacturing equipment, despite decrease in hydraulic components for China construction machinery market

Revenue \_\_-\(\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{5.0}\) bil.

Decreased due to lower transaction volume in in hydraulic components for China construction machinery market, despite FX gains resulting from the depreciation of JPY

# Business profit -\(\frac{4}{3.1}\) bil.

Decreased due to decreasing revenue and operations resulting from lockdowns in China

#### FY2022 forecast (vs. Forecast in May)

Orders received -¥10.0 bil.

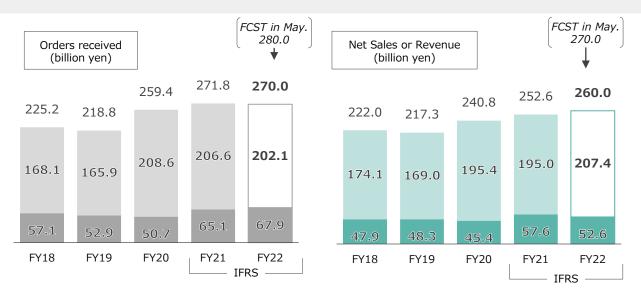
Revised down due to lower volume of hydraulic components for China construction machinery market, despite an increase in various robots resulting from the changes in FX assumptions

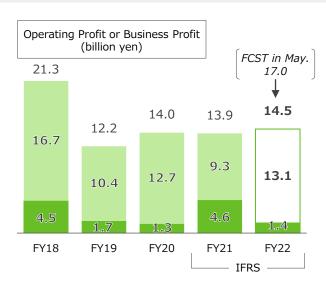
Revenue -¥10.0 bil.

Same as above

Business profit -\(\frac{2.5}{}\) bil.

Revised down due to revenue decrease, despite the changes in FX assumptions





(Note) The graph shows the results in 1Q as dark colors and 2-4Q as light colors. Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

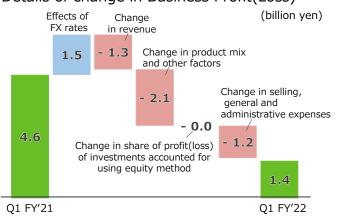
### - Precision Machinery & Robot -

(Billion Yen)

|  | FY2021    | FY2       | FY2022 |           |        | FY2022 Forecast |          |      |           |        |             |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------------|----------|------|-----------|--------|-------------|-----------|
|  | Q1 Actual | Q1 Actual | Cł     | nange     | Actual | Old FCST        | New FCST | Chg. | Vs. FY21  | Chg. V | s. Old FCST | Q2-4 FCST |
| Orders Received  | 65.1      | 67.9      | +      | 2.8       | 271.8  | 280.0           | 270.0    | -    | 1.8       | -      | 10.0        | 202.1     |
| Hydraulic<br>Components & Systems                                    | 41.1      | 37.6      | -      | 3.5       | 171.6  | 180.0           | 160.0    | -    | 11.6      | -      | 20.0        | 122.4     |
| Robotics   | 24.0      | 30.3      | +      | 6.3       | 100.1  | 100.0           | 110.0    | +    | 9.9       | +      | 10.0        | 79.7      |
| Revenue  | 57.6      | 52.6      | -      | 5.0       | 252.6  | 270.0           | 260.0    | +    | 7.4       | -      | 10.0        | 207.4     |
| Hydraulic<br>Components & Systems                                    | 40.5      | 32.1      | -      | 8.4       | 163.1  | 170.0           | 155.0    | -    | 8.1       | -      | 15.0        | 122.9     |
| Robotics   | 17.0      | 20.4      | +      | 3.3       | 89.5   | 100.0           | 105.0    | +    | 15.5      | +      | 5.0         | 84.6      |
| Business Profit  | 4.6       | 1.4       | -      | 3.1       | 13.9   | 17.0            | 14.5     | +    | 0.6       | -      | 2.5         | 13.1      |
| [Margin]   | [8.0%]    | [2.8%]    |        | [- 5.1pt] | [5.5%] | [6.2%]          | [5.5%]   |      | [+ 0.0pt] |        | [- 0.7pt]   | [6.3%]    |
| Share of profit (loss) of investre<br>accounted for using equity met |           | - 0.5     | -      | 0.0       | - 2.5  | - 2.5           | - 2.5    |      | 0.0       |        | -           | - 2.0     |

<sup>\*</sup>Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

#### Details of change in Business Profit(Loss)



#### Appendix

#### Revenue of hydraulic components to China Revenue of robots by segment (billion yen)

| ove : Q2-<br>low : Q1 | -4           | 88.1  | (billion yen) |       |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|--------------|-------|---------------|-------|--|--|--|
| 60.3                  | 63.8<br>47.8 | 71.9  | 68.7<br>50.6  | Down  |  |  |  |
| 14.0                  | 16.0         | 16.2  | 18.1          | 9.5   |  |  |  |
| FY'18                 | FY'19        | FY'20 | FY'21         | FY'22 |  |  |  |

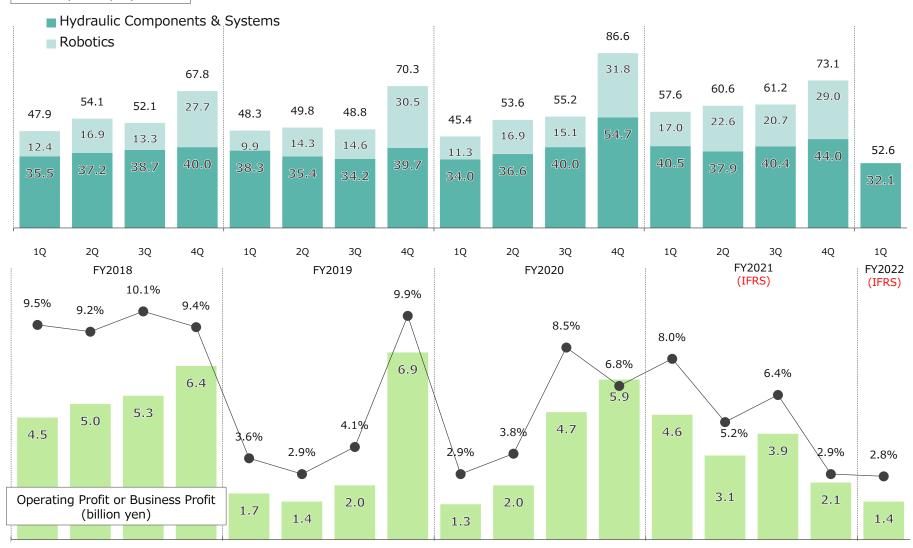
| above : Q1                                   | FY'21 | FY'22   | Change  |
|--|-------|---------|---------|
| below : Q1-4                                 |       | (Plan)  | (Plan)  |
| Automobile assembly and painting             | 6.2   | 5.7     | -0.4    |
|  | 35.7  | (37.5)  | (+0.7)  |
| Semiconductor                                | 7.6   | 10.0    | +2.4    |
|  | 36.3  | (39.0)  | (+2.7)  |
| General robots for industrial use and others | 5.5   | 6.7     | +1.2    |
|  | 29.0  | (36.0)  | (+7.0)  |
| 合計   | 19.4  | 22.6    | +3.2    |
|  | 101.1 | (112.5) | (+11.4) |

※Including intercompany revenue

#### Details by Segment

### - Precision Machinery & Robot -

Net Sales or Revenue (billion yen)



(Note) The figures for the end of 2-4Q FY 2021 in this graph are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change in the future because they are based on our company estimates that have not been audited.

### - Precision Machinery & Robot -

#### **Market Overview**

- Construction machinery
  - China's demand slumps due to the impact of lockdown by Zero-COVID policy
  - Demand outside China was recovered from the impact of COVID-19 and remains solid
  - Electrification will be promoted due to the environmental regulations
  - Automation and autonomy will be promoted due to a shortage of skilled workers

#### Robots

- General purpose robots supply remains constrained due to supply chain issues such as shortages of electric components, logistical disruptions, and lockdowns in China, despite strong demand for capital investment in automation
- Demand for robots for semiconductors remains strong due to continued high levels of capital investment by semiconductor manufacturers

#### **Specific Efforts**



### Developing electrification and automation technology for construction machinery

 Development and supply of the latest hydraulic equipment and systems for electrification and automation to support customers





### Developing hydrogen-related products for decarbonized society

 High-pressure hydrogen regulator • Hydrogen supply system • Hydraulic hydrogen compressor



#### Open innovation

"Nyokkey", an autonomous service robot, is developed as \*platform for the service industry. \*Partners can develop applications on software platforms provided by Kawasaki



Meet us at the "AI SCAPE" demonstration site in the open- innovation hub "Future Lab HANEDA".



Nyokkey serving in AI SCAPE restaurant



### - Motorcycle & Engine -

#### FY2022.Q1 (vs. FY2021.Q1)



Increased due to an increase in motorcycles for North America and Southeast Asia, and FX gains from the depreciation of the yen, despite a decrease in off-road four-wheelers for North America and motorcycles for Europe due to product supply shortages

#### FY2022 forecast (vs. Forecast in May)

Revenue +¥20.0 bil.

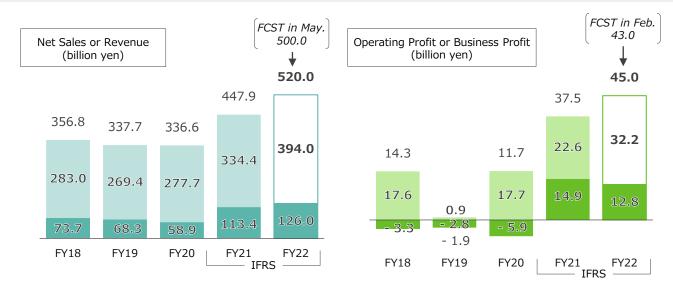
Revised up due to changes in sales prices in response to rising costs, an increase in four-wheelers for North America, and changes in FX assumptions



Decreased due to rising raw material prices and logistics and fixed costs, despite a depreciating yen exchange rate compared to the same period last year



Revised up due to increasing revenue, despite rising raw material prices and logistics costs



(Note) The graph shows the results in 1Q as dark colors and 2-4Q as light colors. Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

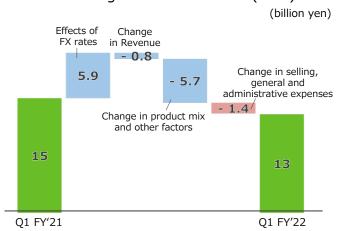
### - Motorcycle & Engine -

(Billion Yen)

|                                     | FY2021    | FY2022    |    | FY2021    | FY2022 Forecast |          |          |      |           |        |             |           |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----|-----------|-----------------|----------|----------|------|-----------|--------|-------------|-----------|
|                                     | Q1 Actual | Q1 Actual | Ch | nange     | Actual          | Old FCST | New FCST | Chg. | Vs. FY21  | Chg. \ | s. Old FCST | Q2-4 FCST |
| Revenue                             | 113.4     | 126.0     | +  | 12.5      | 447.9           | 500.0    | 520.0    | +    | 72.1      | +      | 20.0        | 394.0     |
| Motorcycles for developed contries  | 46.6      | 46.1      | -  | 0.4       | 169.9           | 172.0    | 188.0    | +    | 18.1      | +      | 16.0        | 141.9     |
| Motorcycles for<br>emerging market  | 21.9      | 25.5      | +  | 3.5       | 100.8           | 98.0     | 100.0    | -    | 0.8       | +      | 2.0         | 74.5      |
| Utility Vehicles, ATVs & PV         | /C 26.0   | 31.4      | +  | 5.3       | 108.8           | 140.0    | 149.0    | +    | 40.2      | +      | 9.0         | 117.6     |
| General-purpose<br>gasoline engines | 18.8      | 22.8      | +  | 4.0       | 68.2            | 90.0     | 83.0     | +    | 14.8      | -      | 7.0         | 60.2      |
| Business Profit                     | 14.9      | 12.8      | -  | 2.0       | 37.5            | 43.0     | 45.0     | +    | 7.5       | +      | 2.0         | 32.2      |
| [Margin]                            | [13.1%]   | [10.2%]   |    | [- 2.9pt] | [8.3%]          | [8.6%]   | [8.6%]   |      | [+ 0.2pt] |        | [+ 0.0pt]   | [8.1%]    |

<sup>\*</sup>Results for FY2021 for each segment are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change because preliminary figures that have not been audited are included.

#### Details of change in Business Profit(Loss)



#### Appendix

Wholesales of motorcycles by country

| Developed countries |                                     | and units)  |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Q1 FY'21            | Q1 FY'22                            | Change  |
| 6                   | 8                                   | + 1   |
| 20                  | 23                                  | + 3   |
| 2                   | 3                                   | + 0   |
| 21                  | 11                                  | - 10  |
| 3                   | 2                                   | - 0   |
|                     |                                     |   |
| 55                  | 49                                  | - 5   |
|                     | Q1 FY'21<br>6<br>20<br>2<br>21<br>3 | Q1 FY'21     Q1 FY'22       6     8       20     23       2     3       21     11       3     2 |

|             | Q1 FY'21 | Q1 FY'22 | Change |
|-------------|----------|----------|--------|
| Brazil      | 2        | 2        | + 0    |
| Thailand    | 2        | 1        | - 0    |
| Philippines | 31       | 46       | + 14   |
| Indonesia   | 11       | 11       | - 0    |
| China       | 9        | 6        | - 3    |
| Others      | 4        | 3        | - N    |

61

Wholesales of four-wheeler and PWC:

Q1 FY'21 17 thousand units Q1 FY'22 16 thousand units

Total

**Emerging countries** 

+ 11

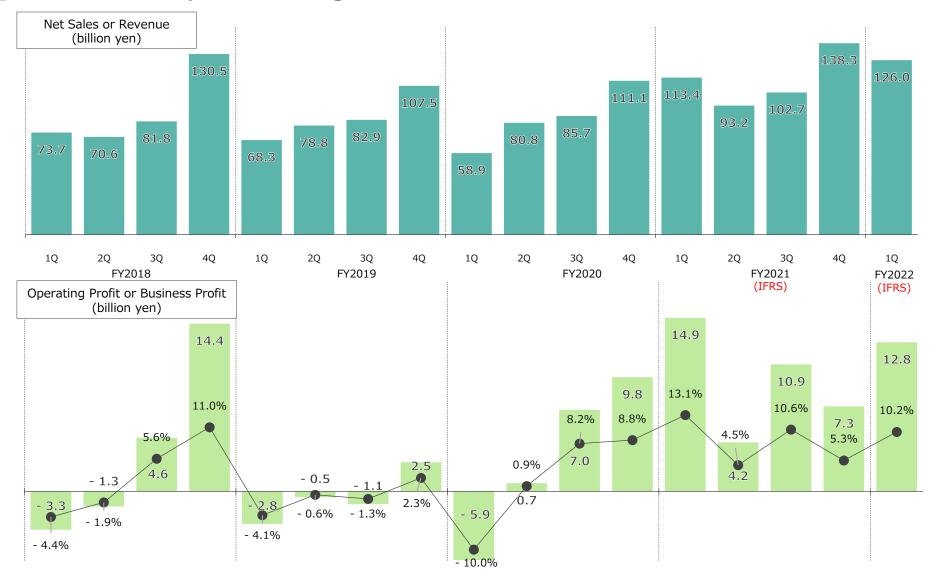
72

(Thousand units)

#### 3

#### Details by Segment

### - Motorcycle & Engine -



(Note) The figures for the end of 2-4Q FY 2021 in this graph are calculated using IFRS, but the figures are subject to change in the future because they are based on our company estimates that have not been audited.

#### Details by Segment

### - Motorcycle & Engine -

#### **Market Overview**

- U.S.
  - Demand for off-road motorcycles and fourwheelers remains strong
  - Strong demand is expected to continue
- Europe
  - Retail markets recovered from the impact of COVID-19 and remain strong
- Southeast Asia
  - Showing a recovery trend YoY, but outlook remains uncertain
- Supply Chain risks
  - Shortage of semiconductors and raw materials, logistics disruption affect our product supply

#### **Specific Efforts**



#### Supplying products as much as demanded

- All efforts to achieve production plans
- Changing production and revenue plans promptly according to the available parts, if production cannot be carried out as planned due to logistics disruption or insufficient parts supply



### **Expansion of the four wheeler business** and electrification

- Investment in development to enhance product competitiveness
- Preparation of the U.S. Plant and Mexico
   Plant to expand production capacity
- Accelerating development toward the launch of BEVs and HEVs



SxS TERYX KRX 1000 popular in the U.S.

 Toyota, DENSO and four motorcycle manufacturing companies begin joint research on hydrogen engine



#### Strict control of fixed cost to slimming down

- Continuation of concrete measures to thoroughly reduce fixed costs
- Reinforce R&D



#### **Securing Free Cash Flows**

 Aiming to secure stable FCF for future investment



EV Project EICMA2019



### Shareholder Return

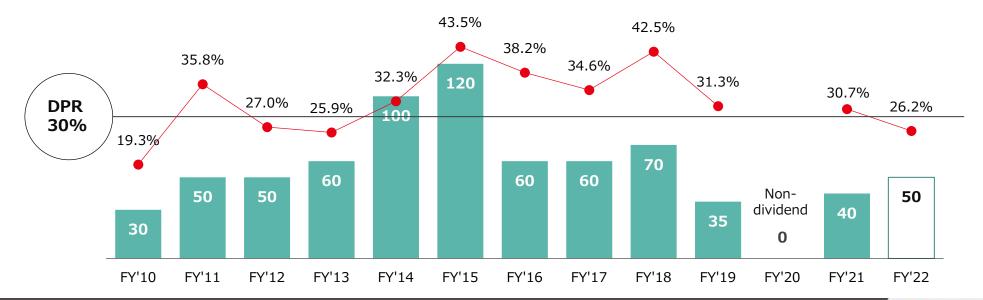
#### **Dividend Policy**

The medium- to long-term consolidated dividend payout ratio **30%** 

- Comprehensively considering the following points future business forecasts, Financial conditions such as free cash flow and debt-to-equity ratio, and other factors
- 2 Stable dividends

#### **Dividend for FY2022**

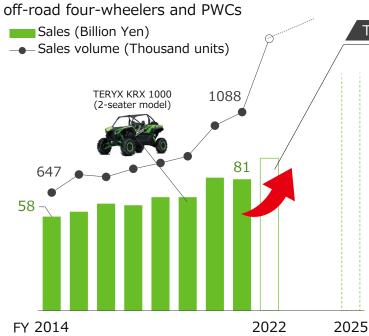
- Profit attributable to owners of the parent was revised upward by 3 billion yen from the initial forecast, partly on the back of the weaker yen.
- On the other hand, social unrest and rising raw material and energy prices, as well as logistics costs, continue to cause concerns about sharp currency fluctuations in the future.
  - Maintain **Full year** dividend of **50 yen** per share (dividend payout ratio of **26.2%**), but plan **Interim** dividend of **30 yen** per share



TERYX KRX 4 1000, four-seater model launched in sports off-road four-wheel vehicle market

 North America sees growing demand for off-road four-wheelers, primarily for outdoor recreation

 Strengthen our business base in North America, where growth is expected, with a lineup of sports four-seater models that can be enjoyed with family and friends



#### TERYX KRX4 1000



The North American off-road four-wheeler market has yet to recover to pre-Lehman levels (1 million vehicles per year), and Kawasaki will continue to make its presence felt as there is still plenty of room to expand.



Revenue and unit sales of

- Kawasaki's First Electric Kids Bike, Elektrode, Launched in the US to realize Carbon Neutrality
  - Elektrode is the first of three electric motorcycles planned for release in 2022
  - It is "First Kawasaki" for children around 3 to 8 years old, which was not available in the lineup before, and provides a lifestyle that can be enjoyed by a wide range of generations

#### The Plan

- 2 more electric motorcycles to be launched in FY2022
- More than 10 BEV/HEV models to be launched by 2025
- Plan to complete electrification of major models (BEV/HEV) for developed countries by 2035



URL to our website

https://www.kawasaki.com/en-us/electric-balance-bike/elektrode/electric-balance-bike/elektrode?cm\_re=FEATUREDVEHICLESLANDING-\_-FEATUREDVEHICLES-\_-VEHICLERLICKET





## Service robots are entering the demonstration phase $\sim$ To a life with robots by your side $\sim$

On April 20, "Future Lab HANEDA" as a demonstration facility for robots was opened

- The robot restaurant, which is open to the public, proposes a way for people and robots to coexist
- It's getting a lot of attention from startups, academia and the press.



Governor Koike trying to unlock an automated delivery robot by holding up a QR code









A hydrogen society is just around the corner ~ Detailed design of 'Large liquefied hydrogen carrier' to proceed ~

Current Position Japan-Australia Hydrogen Supply The world's first liquefied Chain Demonstration Test hydrogen carrier, SUISO Frontier, Completed  $\times$ **1**ship ×40ships~ ×**2**ships launched **NEW!** Obtained approval in principle (AiP) for Start Start demonstration for commercializing a large, 160,000 m3 liquefied commercialization (Plan) (Plan) hydrogen carrier (April 19) tank capacity: 1,250m Capacity  $\times 128$ tank capacity: 40,000m × 4 tanks ¥500<sub>bn</sub>~ Work on more detailed designs for practical use in the mid-2020s including supplying and **NEW!** URL to our press release licensing key parts Completed basic design of marine https://www.khi.co.jp/pressrel to other companies  $\frac{300}{\text{bm}}$ ease/detail/20220422 1.html hydrogen boiler to be installed on large liquefied hydrogen carrier(April 19)

Image of expanding our

company hydrogen business

¥100bm  $\sim$ 

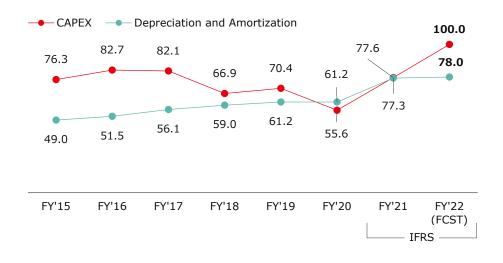
https://www.khi.co.jp/pressrelease/detail/20220531 1.html

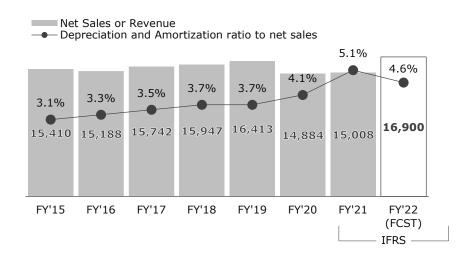
### Appendix

- CAPEX, Depreciation and Amortization, R&D Expenses, Number of employees -

| (Billion | Yen, | Persons) |
|----------|------|----------|
|----------|------|----------|

|                               | FY2021    | FY2022    |     | FY2021 | FY2    | FY2022 |      |          |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----|--------|--------|--------|------|----------|
|                               | Q1 Actual | Q1 Actual | Cha | ange   | Actual | FCST   | Chg. | Vs. FY21 |
| CAPEX                         | 16.3      | 22.6      | +   | 6.3    | 77.6   | 100.0  | +    | 22.4     |
| Depreciation and amortization | 18.6      | 18.9      | +   | 0.2    | 77.3   | 78.0   | +    | 0.7      |
| R & D expenses                | 8.7       | 10.7      | +   | 2.0    | 45.7   | 51.5   | +    | 5.8      |
| Number of Employees           |           |           |     |        | 36,587 | 38,300 | +    | 171      |
| Domestic                      |           |           |     |        | 26,596 | 27,400 | +    | 80       |
| Overseas                      |           |           |     |        | 9,991  | 10,900 | +    | 91       |





#### • Order Backlog (billion yen)

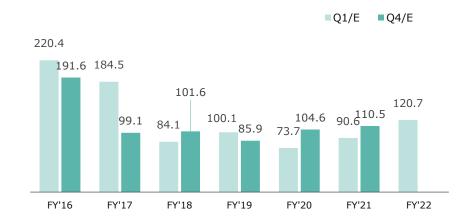
|   | FY21 Q1 |         | 2 Q1    |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
|   | Actual  | Actual  | Change  |
| Aerospace Systems                       | 496.8   | 616.8   | + 120.0 |
| Rolling Stock                           | 423.8   | 373.4   | - 50.3  |
| Energy Solution &<br>Marine Engineering | 464.9   | 568.1   | + 103.2 |
| Precision Machinery & Robot             | 76.7    | 103.8   | + 27.0  |
| Motorcycle & Engine                     | -       | -       | -       |
| Others                                  | 24.3    | 30.7    | + 6.3   |
| Total                                   | 1,486.8 | 1,693.0 | + 206.2 |

#### • Revenue by region (billion yen)

|        | FY21 Q1 | FY22 Q1 |    |       |
|--------|---------|---------|----|-------|
|        | Actual  | Actual  | Cł | nange |
| Japan  | 145.2   | 139.4   | -  | 5.7   |
| USA    | 90.9    | 96.7    | +  | 5.7   |
| Europe | 35.6    | 30.6    | -  | 5.0   |
| Asia   | 67.1    | 56.9    | _  | 10.2  |
| Other  | 16.5    | 26.5    | +  | 9.9   |
| Total  | 355.5   | 350.3   | -  | 5.2   |

<sup>%</sup> classified by country or region based on the customer's location.

#### • Order Backlog in Ship & Offshore (billion yen)



#### Ship orders received and delivery year (number of ships)

|             | FY'22          |             | Deliver      |       |       |                  |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------|-------|------------------|
|             | Q1<br>Received | FY'22<br>Q1 | FY'22<br>2Q~ | FY'23 | FY'24 | Order<br>Backlog |
|             | Orders         | Actual      |              | Plan  | Plan  |                  |
| LPG Carrier | 2              | 1           | 3            | 4     | 3     | 10               |
| Submarine   |                | -           | 1            |       | 1     | 2                |
| Others      |                | -           | -            | -     | -     | -                |
| Total       | * 2            | * 1         | 4            | 4     | 4     | * 12             |

% Orders received in Q1 FY'22 : 100,800GT Delivered in Q1 FY'22 : 50,700GT

Order Backlog : 504,900GT \*Submarines are excluded

#### Revenue in Foreign Currencies by Segment (USD)

(billion USD)

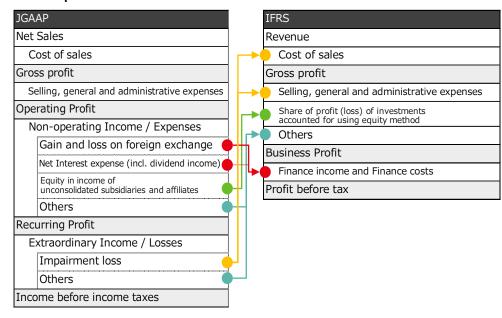
|   | FY2021 | FY2    | 2022      |
|---|--------|--------|-----------|
|   | Actual | Actual | Q2-4 FCST |
| Aerospace Systems                       | 0.16   | 0.11   | 0.77      |
| Rolling Stock                           | 0.04   | 0.01   | 0.02      |
| Energy Solution &<br>Marine Engineering | 0.02   | 0.07   | 0.21      |
| Precision Machinery & Robot             | 0.08   | 0.06   | 0.15      |
| Motorcycle & Engine                     | 0.12   | 0.16   | 0.54      |
| Total                                   | 0.42   | 0.41   | 1.69      |

X Impact on business profit by FX fluctuation of 1 years

#### Weighted-average exchange rates

|                      | (EUR/JPY) |
|----------------------|-----------|
| FY2020 actual        | 124.61    |
| FY2021 actual        | 130.47    |
| Q1 FY2022 actual     | 136.88    |
| Q2-4 FY2022 forecast | 130.00    |

#### (Note)Major changes in the income statement associated with the adoption of IFRS



#### • Revenue in Foreign Currencies(EUR)

|                    | (billion EUR) |
|--------------------|---------------|
| FY2020 actual      | 0.32          |
| FY2021 actual      | 0.44          |
| Q1 FY2022 actual   | 0.11          |
| Q2-4 FY2022 foreca | ast 0.48      |

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{\mathbb{X}}$  Impact on business profit by FX fluctuation of 1 yen

# Kawasaki, working as one for the good of the planet "Global Kawasaki"

